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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/711,632	09/29/2004	Charles H. Robinson	2003-010-A	5631
32170	7590	02/08/2006	EXAMINER	
U.S. ARMY TACOM-ARDEC ATTN: AMSTRA-AR-GCL BLDG 3 PICATINNY ARSENAL, NJ 07806-5000			HAYES, BRET C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3641	

DATE MAILED: 02/08/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/711,632	ROBINSON ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Bret C. Hayes	3641	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _____.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 1,10,18,25,26,28,29 and 35 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 29 September 2004 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

The later-filed application must be an application for a patent for an invention, which is also disclosed in the prior application (the parent or original nonprovisional application or provisional application). The disclosure of the invention in the parent application and in the later-filed application must be sufficient to comply with the requirements of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112. See *Transco Products, Inc. v. Performance Contracting, Inc.*, 38 F.3d 551, 32 USPQ2d 1077 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

The disclosure of the prior-filed application, Application No. 10/708,830, fails to provide adequate support or enablement in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 for one or more claims of this application. Examiner notes that this is most likely a typographical error and that Application No. 10/708,930 would be considered correct.

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The listing of references in the specification is not a proper information disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires a list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office, and MPEP § 609 A(1) states, "the list may not be incorporated into the specification but must be submitted in a separate paper." Therefore, unless the references have been cited by the examiner on form PTO-892, they have not been considered.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 1, 10, 18, 25, 26, 28, 29 and 35 are objected to because of the following informalities: claim 1, line 5 (1:5); 10:6,7; 18:8; 25:5,6; 26:8; 28:5,6; 29:5; and 35:5,6; recite the

limitations “a safe position” and “an armed position”, which should be --the safe position-- or --said safe position--, and --the armed position-- or --said armed position--, since “a safe position and an armed position” has been previously recited in the base claim, and since there is no support for multiple safe and armed positions in the disclosure. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 1 – 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

5. Claims 1 – 9, 18 – 24, 26, 27 and 29 – 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationships are: a micro-electro-mechanical system (MEMS) based mechanical safe and arm assembly, as disclosed at page 1, paragraph 3 of the specification, and how the charges (input explosive column (or row), transfer charge and receptor charge) structurally relate to each other and the assembly. The MEMS-based mechanical safe and arm assembly is critical to the claimed invention as without this structure, the charges could be interpreted to be floating in space or lying about on a table. In other words, the claims only relate how the charges are disposed in relation to one another, and

are silent with regard to structural limitations defining a connection to the MEMS-based mechanical safe and arm assembly as disclosed.

6. Any unspecified claim is rejected as being dependent upon a rejected base claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claims 1 – 9, 18 – 24, 26, 27 and 29 – 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as unpatentable over US Patent No. 6,167,809 B1 to Robinson et al. (*Robinson*). In view of the rejection under 112, 2nd paragraph above, the metes and bounds of the claims cannot properly be determined. As best understood, the claims are rejected as follows.

9. Re – claim 1, Robinson discloses the claimed invention including, as set forth at col. 10, lines 43 – 54 (10:43-54), and 11:4-11, a fire train for a safe and arm device comprising out of position and/or out of alignment explosives wherein, in the safe position, the initiator is remote from the remaining explosives and wherein, in the armed position, the initiator is adjacent the remaining explosive charges.

10. Arguably, Robinson does not disclose the specific number and arrangement of the explosive charges. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use as many explosive charges as necessary, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St, Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8. And, also, since in general

detonators consist of an ignition charge, intermediate charge, and a base charge--each charge in the train being selected and used to transition from heat to shock.

11. Further, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to rearrange the explosive charges relative to the fire train, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Japiske*, 86 USPQ 70.

12. Re – claims 2 – 4, Robinson discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for the claimed total volumes. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to select the total volumes as necessary, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Rose*, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

13. Re – claims 5 and 6, Robinson discloses the use of explosives and, as set forth above, detonation generally involves the use of three charges.

14. Re – claim 7, Robinson discloses the claimed invention except for the column comprising first, second and third charges. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the column comprise first, second and third charges, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8. In this case, duplicating explosive charges in an initiator would be considered mere duplication.

15. Re – claim 8, Robinson discloses the claimed invention except for the charges consisting of primary and secondary explosives. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the charges consist of primary and secondary

explosives, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416. In this case, selection of primary or secondary (sensitive or insensitive) explosives would be within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

16. Re – claim 9, Robinson discloses the claimed invention including an initiator chip (MEMS-based assembly) except for a spot charge and an output charge. See above with regard to duplication of essential working parts of an invention.

17. Re – claims 18 – 24, 26, 27 and 29 – 34, see above rejection of like claims.

Allowable Subject Matter

18. Claims 10 – 17, 25, 28 and 35 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

19. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art of record discloses no less than three (3) charges in a MEMS-based assembly; however, the prior art of record neither discloses nor fairly teaches the combination including a base assembly having an output charge and a first portion of the receptor charge therein, a safe and arm device layer disposed atop the base assembly including an arming mechanism, a cover plate assembly disposed atop the safe and arm device layer and having an input explosive column disposed therein, and an initiator board assembly disposed atop the cover plate assembly and having a spot charge and an initiator chip disposed therein.

20. This statement is not intended to necessarily state all the reasons for allowance or all the details why the claims are allowed and has not been written to specifically or impliedly state that all the reasons for allowance are set forth (MPEP 1302.14).

Conclusion

21. This is a CONTINUATION of applicant's earlier Application No. 10/708,930. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

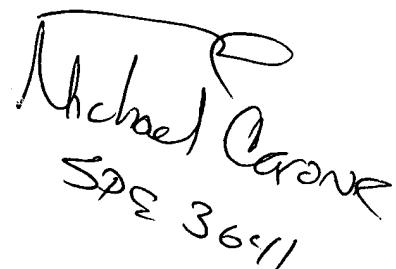
Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Bret Hayes at telephone number (571) 272 – 6902 or email address bret.hayes@uspto.gov. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 5:30 am to 4:00 pm, Eastern Standard Time.

The Central FAX Number is **571-273-8300**.

If attempts to contact the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Carone, can be reached at (571) 272 – 6873.

bh

5-Feb-06



Michael Carone
SPE 3641

A handwritten signature in black ink. The name "Michael Carone" is written in a cursive, flowing script. Below the name, the letters "SPE" are written in a smaller, more formal font, followed by the number "3641" in a cursive script.